

LEO'S GUIDE TO MAXIMIZING SLEEP

LOSING SLEEP IS PART OF THE JOB.
MAXIMIZE WHAT YOU CAN GET.





INTRODUCTION

Sleep has been called the best performance enhancing drug. **But, as a law enforcement officer (LEO), you're not in complete control of your sleep schedule.** You need ways that help you maximize the sleep you get even if you can't always get those 7-9 hours that would be ideal.

The results of better sleep are amazing:

- More muscle mass
- Less body fat
- More energy
- Better sex drive (and performance)
- Better mental health and moods

Other great results are less sexy, but every bit as amazing:

- Reduced cardiovascular disease, cancer rates, and diabetes
- Weight loss
- Less frequent colds and flus
- Fewer mood disorders
- Fewer injuries
- Fewer motor vehicle accidents

Looking better, feeling better, and fewer things that will land you in the hospital!

GETTING BETTER SLEEP IS EASY

It's easy as long as you're consistent...but you already knew that.

Pick one or a few powerful suggestions from this ebook that you know you will do. Any effort you put toward better sleep will pay you back big time.

Of course, putting more into your sleep will get you better results. However, the items in this ebook list are so powerful, you'll benefit from just making 1-2 into a habit.

Note about the night shift:

There are 2 main drivers for sleep - circadian rhythm (also called sleep-wake-cycle) and sleep-wake homeostasis. Circadian rhythm is your built in 24-hour clocks. It's controlled by light and dark signals. Morning light wakes you up and darkness makes you feel sleepy. Sleep-wake homeostasis is mainly driven by the build up of a hormone called adenosine. Night shift work alters these drivers (especially circadian rhythm). ***Please see notes on night shift recommendations throughout this eBook.***

THE POWER OF LIGHT

1. Use sunlight to establish better sleep/wake patterns

- Within 1 hour of waking and within 2 hours after sunrise, go outside without sunglasses or glasses for 10-15 minutes (do not look directly at sun)
- Exposure to morning sunlight starts a timer in your brain that tells your body to get sleepy in the evening
- If you got less than 6 hours of consecutive sleep, avoid early morning sunlight and try to take a 20-120 minute nap, awake by 3 pm
- ***If you worked the night shift:***
 - Avoid sunlight. Wear **amber glasses** on your drive home. Avoid/dim lights and screens when you get home.
 - Use a **light box** upon waking before your next shift and during first 1/2 of shift.

2. Avoid bright lights and blue light at night after 8 pm (*night shift is the opposite*)

- Turn down lights at night, or turn on only 1-2 lights with orange light bulbs
- If you must use your phone, tablet, computer, or watch TV - wear **amber glasses**
- Bright lights at night deplete melatonin and signal your body to stay awake, making it harder to fall asleep and stay asleep

THE POWER OF OF FOOD AND DRINKS

1. **Avoid coffee/caffeine after noon**

- Caffeine blocks a receptor that signals your body to feel sleepy (adenosine receptors)
- ***Night shift - Avoid caffeine 8 hours before planned sleep.***

2. **Eat meals at regular times, avoid grazing**

- Eating at regular times is another way to strengthen healthy sleep/wake cycles in your body. **Are you seeing a pattern? Your body really likes routine!**
- Last meal 3+ hours before bed
- Eating before bed, especially a large meal, will impair your sleep quality - your body is busy digesting and not focused on sleep and repair
- If you missed dinner, consider a small meal
 - Example mini meals:
 - Protein shake with berries
 - Plain yogurt and berries
 - 1-3 oz lean meat with ½ sweet potato
 - Salad with beans
 - Cottage cheese and fruit
 - Chia seed pudding
 - Hummus and veggies

THE POWER OF OF FOOD AND DRINKS

3. Avoid high sugar, high refined carbohydrate foods in the evening

- Consuming these will cause a spike in blood sugars, which then result in a sharp drop during the night - this drop disrupts sleep
- Foods to avoid include - sweets and desserts, snack foods like pretzels, crackers, chips

4. Avoid/limit alcohol

- Drinking more than 1-2 drinks will impair your sleep quality, reducing the amount of REM sleep which your body needs to reboot and repair. REM sleep is when emotions and events from the day are processed. Too little REM sleep increases risk for things like PTSD.

THE POWER OF YOUR ENVIRONMENT

- 1. Bedroom temperature 60-67 degrees F**
 - Your core temperature needs to drop at night in order to get into your more restorative sleep phases
 - A cold bedroom will improve your sleep quality
- 2. Warm bath or warm shower before bed**
 - Your core temperature needs to drop at night in order to get into your more restorative sleep phases
 - A warm shower or bath slightly raises body temperature, which then signals a drop in body temperature
- 3. Cold shower in the morning (or evening with night shift work)**
 - Your body temperature is highest in the morning
 - Taking a cold shower signals your core body temperature to rise, which strengthens healthy sleep/wake cycles in your body - in simple terms, you'll feel more awake during the day and sleepy at night
 - Use controlled, slow, deep breaths to train your nervous system for relaxation and entrain a healthy stress response

POWERFUL EXTRAS

1. Yoga Nidra

- Yoga Nidra, also called conscious sleep, allows your body to get into a deep state of relaxation and provides many of the physiological benefits you get within the deeper, more restorative states of sleep.
- Yoga Nidra has also been shown to effectively lower cortisol, your main stress hormone, and anxiety.
- It can be used during the day for a quick recharge or before bed to help fall asleep.
- **Resources:** <https://soundcloud.com/user-571148708>
- **Trainings and Train The Trainer Programs:** <https://www.firstrespondersleeprecovery.com/>
<https://www.yogaforfirstresponders.org/>

2. Exercise in the morning (*or before night shift*)

- Exercise in the morning strengthens healthy sleep/wake cycles in your body - in simple terms, you'll feel more awake during the day and sleepy at night
- If you cannot exercise in the morning, that's ok - the important thing is to get exercise
- Avoid high intensity exercise within 2-3 hours of bedtime, as this can make it harder to fall asleep

POWERFUL EXTRAS

1. Safety naps

- In general, avoid napping after 3 pm to avoid not being sleepy that night, but if you're still on tour and at a busy station, nap when you can
- Naps of 20 minutes can be rejuvenating and refreshing
- If you had less than 6 hours of sleep, nap 20-120 minutes (longer sleep times you may feel slightly groggy upon waking, so if you're still on tour, be aware of this)
- If you're still on tour, longer naps may cause "sleep inertia" or grogginess after waking so plan accordingly

2. Safer sleep supplements that work (these are a complement to a healthy sleep routine, but will not replace poor sleep habits)

- **Microbiome Labs ZenBiome Sleep**
 - Promotes relaxation and helps to moderate occasional stress.
 - 1 capsule 30-60 minutes before bed
 - Follow link to 30% off
- **Pure Encapsulations Magnesium Glycinate**
 - Magnesium deficiency has been linked to shorter sleep cycles. Magnesium is also a natural muscle relaxer.
 - 2 capsules with dinner or before bed
 - Follow link to 10% off

DO WHAT YOU'LL STICK WITH

If you know you'll NEVER go to bed and wake up at the same time on your off days, then practice Yoga Nidra daily, turn down lights at night, or expose your eyes to morning sunlight. Pick what you know you can do for the long haul and enjoy the benefits.

Sample Sleep Program Schedule For Night Shift

Experience an easier transition from night shift work to days off with the following schedule:

Work days

- 15-min bright light pulses from [light box](#) 1200 – 5700 lux every 45 min for first 1/2 of shift
- Amber glasses on way home until in bed
- Blackout curtains, Sleep 8:30 am- 3:30 pm
- Exercise

Days off

- Sleep 3 am – 12 pm
- Use light box for 15+ min (5700 lux) within 2 hours of awakening
- Exercise

If you're into buying stuff to help you "hack" better sleep check out the next few pages of hacks.

SLEEP HACKS

1. Assess Sleep Quality

- **EverSleep** is a home sleep device used to assess sleep quality

2. Snoring or Obstructed Airway

- **Vital Sleep**
 - Self-molded, adjustable, anti-snoring mouthpiece that uses the Accu-Adjust System to open the airway and stop snoring
- **Tennis Ball Shirt**
 - Prevents you from sleeping on your back, which is a cause of snoring and positional breathing events. You can also tape or sew a tennis ball to one of your own shirts
- **slumberBUMP**
 - Prevents you from sleeping on your back and forcing you to sleep on your side to prevent the collapsing of your airway, which is one of the biggest factors when it comes to snoring
- **Body Pillow**
 - Hypoallergenic, non-toxic, bamboo body pillow for proper body alignment while sleeping on your side
 - Side sleeping can help decrease or stop snoring as well as increase detoxification in the brain

SLEEP ENVIROMENT

1. Earplugs

- Help to block out ambient sounds that can disrupt your sleep.

2. Blackout curtains (*these are a MUST HAVE for night shift workers*)

- Help to block out outside light, which can decrease melatonin and reduce sleep quality and quantity
- When purchasing curtains for sleep, look for labels that say “blackout,” “room darkening,” and/or “light-blocking.”

3. Evening lighting (*this would be morning lighting for night shift workers*)

- Exposure to excessive blue light at night from LED, florescent lighting and screens (phone/TV/iPad) can disrupt sleep or exacerbate sleep disorders
- **Somnilight reading lamps** and/or Himalayan Salt lamps emit soft, dim light, which have no negative effects on sleep

BODY PREPARATION

1. Amber glasses

- Blue light from cell phones, computer screens, and LED and florescent lighting can block production of up to 99% of the sleep hormone melatonin, resulting in poor quality sleep
- Amber glasses block varying degrees of blue light.
- We recommend putting on amber glasses shortly after sunset and wearing them until you go to bed.

2. chiliPAD or OOLER

- In order to get into deeper, restorative cycles of sleep, your body temperature must drop
- The ChilePAD and OOLER aids the body in the temperature drop required for sleep onset and healthy sleep cycles, resulting in a quicker onset to sleep and more deep, restorative sleep.

3. Gravity Blanket

- Uses the power of “deep touch pressure stimulation” to simulate the feeling of being held (like a hug!)
- This increases serotonin and melatonin, the hormones responsible for relaxation, and decreases cortisol, the hormone responsible for stress.